

A Guide to Tip Income Reporting

for Employers in Businesses Where Tip Income is Customary ENTE son beverage server busser driver counterperson





If you are an employer of an employee who receives tip income, this guide is for you.

The Internal Revenue Service (IRS) began its Tip Rate
Determination/Education Program (TRD/EP) in October 1993
for businesses where tip income is customary. The objective
of the Program has been to improve and ensure compliance
by employers and employees with statutory provisions
relating to tip income.

The Program of Tip Reporting

What tip reporting options are available?

- Tip Rate Determination Agreement (TRDA)
- Tip Reporting Alternative Commitment (TRAC)
- Institute your own reporting system to comply with the tax law.

Under the Tip Rate Determination/ Education Program (TRD/EP), the employer may enter into a TRDA or a TRAC arrangement, depending on the specific business. The IRS will assist applicants in understanding and meeting the requirements for participation. The next pages show how these two arrangements differ.

How does the program benefit my employees?

There are a number of reasons why an employee should report all of his/her tip income:

- Increased income may improve financial approval when applying for mortgage, car, and other loans
- Increased social security and Medicare benefits (the more you pay, the greater the benefits)
- Increased unemployment compensation benefits
- Increased employee pension, annuity, or 401(k) participation (if applicable)
- Increased workers' compensation benefits, should your employees get hurt on the job



How To Get Your Program Underway

How To Apply

To enter into one of the arrangements, submit an application letter to your area IRS Chief, Examination/Compliance Division, Attn: Tip Coordinator. The Tip Coordinator can provide a letter format as well as extensive information on the two separate arrangements. Check your telephone directory for the IRS office in your area. They can provide the mailing address of the Tip Coordinator.

Who Should Apply

Currently, the IRS is offering participation in TRD/EP to employers in the food and beverage, hairstyling, and gaming (casino) industries. Plans are underway to extend this program to all industries where tipping is customary.

All employers with establishments where tipping is customary should review their operations. Then, if it is determined that there is or has been an underreporting of tips, the employer may apply for one of the two arrangements (depending on their specific business) under the TRD/EP - TRDA, TRAC.

Note: Employers currently under a TRDA, and wishing to switch to a TRAC, must first terminate their TRDA.

When To Apply

An employer may apply for one of the two arrangements, depending on his/her specific business, at any time. The effective date of the arrangement is determined by receipt and handling of the employer's application.

TRDA is effective as of the date the IRS District Director signs the arrangement.

TRAC is generally effective as of the first day of the quarter following the date the District Director signs the agreement.



TRDA vs. TRAC (how they differ)

TRDA	TRAC

TRDA requires the IRS to work with the establishment to arrive at a tip rate for the establishment's various occupations. TRAC does not require that a tip rate be established but it does require the employer to:

- establish a procedure where a directlytipped employee is provided (no less than monthly) a written statement of charged tips attributed to the employee.
- implement a procedure for the employees to verify or correct any statement of attributed tips.
- adopt a method where an indirectlytipped employee reports his or her tips (no less than monthly). This could include a statement prepared by the employer and verified or corrected by the employee.
- establish a procedure where a written statement is prepared and processed (no less than monthly) reflecting all cash tips attributable to sales of the directly-tipped employee.

TRDA requires the employee to enter into a *Tipped Employee Participation Agreement (TEPA)* with the employer.

TRAC does not require an agreement between the employee and the employer.

TRDA	TRAC
•	

TRDA requires the employer to get 75% of the employees to sign *TEPAs* and report at or above the determined rate.

TRAC affects all (100%) employees.

TRDA provides that if employees fail to report at or above the determined rate, the employer will provide the names of those employees, their social security numbers, job classification, sales, hours worked, and amount of tips reported.

TRAC provides that if the employees of an establishment collectively underreport their tip income, tip examinations may occur but only for those employees that underreport.

TRDA has no specific education requirement.

TRAC includes a commitment by the employer to educate and reeducate quarterly all directly and indirectly-tipped employees and new hires of their statutory requirement to report all tips to their employer.

TRDA participation assures the employer that prior periods will not be examined as long as participants comply with the requirements under the agreement.

TRAC includes the same rule.



Example of a TRAC Statement



Use the following "example" to help you develop your statement for your specific business, and provide a copy to your employees. (The fol-

lowing example is designed specifically for employees in the food and beverage industry.) A TRAC statement is given to an employee showing tips attributed to him/her. This example not only fulfills the statement required for charged tips but also for cash tip reporting and for indirectly-tipped employee reporting.

Employer Portion

"title"

Employee Name:

Employee Address: 123 Main Street City, State, Zip: Any Town, USA 12345 Employee SSN: 000-00-0000 Job Category: Food Server Establishment Name: ABC Bar & Grill Employer EIN: 00-0000000 Report Period: 01/01/00-01/31/00 **Gross Sales** \$ 6,000. Charged Sales w/Tips \$ 2,000. Charged Tips \$ 280. Charged Tip Rate 14% Sales Subject to Cash Tips \$ 4,000.

Mark Doe

Employee Portion

Cash Tips \$520.
Cash Tip Rate 13%

Tips Shared w/Others

Name:	Job Category:	Amount:
Johnny Noname	Busser	\$ 120.
Total		(120.)

Tips Received from Others

Name:	Job Category:	Amount:
Susie Cue	Cocktail	\$ 100.
Total		100.

Net tips kept and reportable: \$ 780.

Employee Signature: Mark Doe Date: 2/5/00

Employer fills out top portion.

Gross Sales: *only* include food & drink amount. *Do not* include tax, tip, or non-food/drink items.

Charged Sales: include charged sales that show a tip on food & drink amounts *only*. *Do not* include tax, tip, or nonfood/drink items. (A charged sale with no tip is included as a cash sale.)

Employee fills out bottom portion.

An indirectly-tipped employee would only receive (from the employer) the "title" portion of statement filled out, unless employer captured "tips shared w/ others" information from the directly-tipped employee's TRAC Statement and showed it as "tips received from others."

Employee signs statement and gives a copy to employer, retaining a copy for his/her records. This statement would satisfy employer's requirement under the TRAC arrangement and the employee's requirement under the law.

The following is a list of IRS publications and forms relating to tip income reporting that can be downloaded from the IRS Web site at www.irs.ustreas.gov and can be ordered through the IRS by dialing 1-800-829-3676. You can also get IRS forms with instructions faxed back to you when you dial (703) 368-9694 from a fax machine and follow the voice prompts.

Pub 505-Tax Withholding and Estimated Tax

Pub 531-Reporting Tip Income

Pub 1244 – Employee's Daily Record of Tips and Report to Employer. This publication includes Form 4070, Employee's Report of Tips to Employer, and Form 4070A, Employee's Daily Record of Tips.

Form 941 – Employer's Quarterly Federal Tax Return

Form 1040ES – Estimated Tax for Individuals

Form 4137 – Social Security and Medicare Tax on Unreported Tip Income

Form 8027 – Employer's Annual Information of Tip Income and Allocated Tips

Form W-2– Wage and Tax Statement; and separate Instructions for Forms W-2 and W-3



MAID beverage server SERVICE